## LISTING OF THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

1. (Currently Amended) Electroporation device for the permeabilization of cells (C) contained in a substrate [[(12)]] comprising a signal generator generating means [[(3)]] configured for generating a stimulating signal (S(t)) applied by means of electrodes [[(6,7)]] to the substrate [[(12)]] wherein an electric field (E(t)) permeabilizing the cells membranes is induced; the device being characterized by comprising:

[[means]] an element configured for measuring, calculating and monitoring (15,16,23) the instantaneous value of the ration ratio (GT) of current (ie) flowing between said electrodes [[(6,7)]] and through the substrate [[(12)]] and the voltage (Vp) of the stimulating signal (S(t)) applied to the substrate [[(12)]] by means of said electrodes [[(6,7)]];

said device further comprising a controlling [[means]] (100-170) element configured for applying the stimulating signal in a controlled manner according to the waveform of only an initial portion of the curve  $C_{GT}$  representing the ratio (GT) in successive instants after the beginning of the application of the stimulating signal (S(t)).

- 2. (Currently Amended) Device as claimed in claim 1, wherein said controlling [[means]] (100-170) element comprise a timing means [[(110)]] element configured for applying said stimulating signal for a predetermined period of time Td and analysing the initial portion of the waveform of curve C<sub>GT</sub> to detect a minimum value of the curve C<sub>GT</sub> within the interval t=0 and t=Td.
- 3. (Currently Amended) Device as claimed in claim 1, wherein said controlling [[means]]  $\frac{(100-170)}{100} = \frac{1}{100} = \frac{1$
- 4. (Currently Amended) Device as claimed in claim 1, claims, wherein said controlling [[means]] (100-170) element comprise a hazard detecting means [[(120)]] element configured for determining the instantaneous gradient (dG) of said ratio (GT) after a minimum has been reached

in said curve  $C_{GT}$ ; said controlling [[means]] <u>element</u> further eemprise <u>comprises a</u> first comparing <u>means</u> [[(130)]] <u>element configured</u> for comparing the calculated instaneous <u>instantaneous</u> gradient dG with at least a reference value ( $dG_{refl}$ ) and selecting <u>a correcting means (140,145) element</u> for performing an urgent correction to the stimulating signal S(t) in order to avoid lesions, damages or irreversible alterations in said substrate [[(12)]].

- (Currently Amended) Device as claimed in claim 4, wherein said correcting [[means]]
  (140,145) element is configured to decreases decrease the voltage of the stimulating signal S(t) in order to prevent deterioration in the cells (C).
- 6. (Currently Amended) Device as claimed in claim 1, wherein said controlling [[means]] (100-179) element emprise comprises a slope determining means [[(150)]] element configured to calculate ealeulating the average variation ΔG of said ratio (GT) in a time interval that is successive to the instant Tm wherein a minimum in the curve (C<sub>GT</sub>) has been reached and that has a pre-determined time width; said controlling [[means]] element further comprising a second comparing means [[(150)]] element configured to compare emparing the calculated average variation ΔG of said ratio (GT) with a reference interval of ΔG values.
- 7. (Currently Amended) Device as claimed in claim 6, wherein said second comparing means [[(160)]] element performs the following functions: if the calculated average variation  $\Delta G$  of said ratio (GT) falls within the reference interval  $(0<\Delta G<\Delta G_{obb})$  a continuing means element [[(170)]] are is selected; if the calculated average variation  $\Delta G$  of said ratio (GT) falls outside the reference interval and it is smaller than both limits delimiting the interval  $(\Delta G<0<\Delta G_{obb})$  an adjusting element means [[(180)]] are is selected; and if the calculated average variation  $\Delta G$  of said ratio (GT) falls outside the reference interval and it is greater than both limits delimiting the interval  $(\Delta G>\Delta G_{obb}>0)$  a correcting means [[(140)]] element [[are]] is selected.
- 8. (Currently Amended) Device as claimed in claim 7, wherein said adjusting [[means]] [[(180)]] element is configured to increase the voltage of the stimulating signal in order to increase the value of the electric field E(t) applied to the substrate [[(12)]]; said adjusting means

[[(180)]] <u>element</u> subsequently selecting said <del>means</del> <u>element</u> for calculating and monitoring (15,16,23) the instantaneous value of the said ratio (GT) and said controlling [[means]] <u>element</u>.

- 9. (Currently Amended) Device as claimed in claim 7, wherein said continuing [[means]] element [[(170)]] is configured to increase the voltage of the stimulating signal to an objective voltage  $V_{opt}$  in order to increase the value of the electric field E(t) applied to the substrate [[(12)]] so that the value of said average variation  $\Delta G$  tends to an expected value  $\Delta G_{obb}$ .
- 10. (Currently Amended) Device as claimed in claim 1, wherein said controlling means (100-170) element is configured to detect detects [[(125)]] a minimum of said initial portion of said curve and determining [[(126)]] the time Tm at which the minimum is reached.
- 11. (Currently Amended) Device as claimed in claim 10, wherein third comparing means (127) are is provided to compare the detected Tm with threshold values Ttmin and Ttmax; said third comparing means [[(127)]] element is configured to perform performing the following operations: if the detected Tm occurs before Ttmin (Tm<Ttmin) then a correcting means (140) are is selected; if the detected Tm occurs after Ttmax (Tm>Ttmax), then an adjusting means (180) are is selected; and if the detected Tm occurs between Ttmin and Ttmax, then a continuing means (170) are is selected.
- 12. (Currently Amended) Use of a device as described in claim 1, to extract A method for extracting molecules from [[the]] living cells comprised in [[the]] a substrate, comprising the step of using the device of claim 1 to generate a controlled stimulating signal applied to living cells by means of electrodes while extracting molecules from the living cells.
- 13. (Currently Amended) Use of a device as described in claim 1, to introduce A method for introducing, molecules into living cells comprising the step of using the device of claim 1 to generate a controlled stimulating signal applied to living cells by means of electrodes while introducing said molecules into the living cells.

14. (Currently Amended) Use of the device The method for introducing molecules as claimed in claim 13, wherein said molecules comprise one of the following: a DNA or a RNA molecule containing regulatory sequences and sequence coding for therapeutic genes or genes of interest for biomedical or biotechnological purposes; an oligonucleotide, (ribo- or deoxyribo-nucleotide, single or double strand, including the SiRNA), whether natural (phosphodiesters) or modified (inside the backbone of the oligonucleotide, such as phosphosulfates, or at the extremities, by addition of groups to protect the oligonucleotides from digestion of nucleases; a protein or peptide, whether natural or genetically or chemically modified, extracted from natural sources or obtained by synthesis, or a molecule simulating the structure of a protein or peptide, whatever its structure; a cytotoxic agent, in particular, the antibiotic bleomycin or the cisplatinum; a penicillin; and other pharmacological agents.